COLUMBIA. S. C. Attorney-General mute in pertinent vember, 1871-a little more than one Mr. Editor: Your frequent references

Columbia Union of late will readily perceive what the game of the ring and its kimpton. No report, yet, of his stew-sonable for the public to decide that you have received and deserved the respect of the community generally. With opallies is. The Union is the willing tool of the ring and their aider and abettor.

It will perform its antics, and go through its Japanese-like tricks, just as Scott. its Japanese-like tricks, just as Scott, and the dignity of the State. that moves its petty soul. It may be The Atterney-General's Pica-Our Recalled the Scott-Parker-Kimpton-ite, or, better still, the Robbers Own. When we desire to see indications of the de-

old one. The harp of a thousand strings is once more to be played on. It was

and erect even in their poverty.

tors of a common ruin.

avengers are upon their tracks. Mutilated, outraged South Carolina now bleeding, prostrate, wounded by the bleeding, prostrate, wounded by the corruption, you could at least have dehand of Federal power, and by the devices of the most unblushing scoundrels that the world ever saw, appeals to every

that the world ever saw, appeals to every

the conspirators know that the tween gross neglect of duty or criminal why is Gov. Scott so sensitive about the constitute about the credit of the State? Is it because they had gone to defy the arrest of the doubt he will try to buy himself in again, and the wires are even now being the troubled condition of our State officials they are preparing to push legal remeivable document, called a message, instead of as they are preparing to push legal remeivable document, called a message, instead of as in the case of a spider, that spins his the state and to such that it is not his fault, because the wind of the troubled condition of our State officials the time, where the convention then in sension in this doubt he will try to buy himself in again, and the wires are even now being the troubled condition of our State officials the troubled condition of our State officials and the troubled condition of our State officials and the troubled condition of our State officials the troubled condition of our statements of the doubt he will try to buy himself in again, and the wires are even now being the troubled condition of our State officials and the troubled condition of our State officials and the troubled condition of our State officials. There never was they are preparing to push legal remeive the area of the convention then in doubt he will try to buy himself in again, and the wires are even now being the troubled condition of our State officials and the troubled condition of the troubled conditio re clad in the robes of her DIGNITY, and intely brought to light escaped your poorly heated, and we are only allowed bearing the sceptre of a renewed POWER. sharp eye? You a member of the Finan- an average of one pair of blankets to

people, but to rob it within and without absence of proofs from you, have not put up for their especial benefit. In re-

point of attack is before us. Here, in ligent, or particeps criminis? point of attack is before us. Here, in ligent, or particeps criminis?

this city, is Parker, moving in brazen

Again. Let us call this to the Attorper day, while the witnesses get their

Financial Board. These are all here—the State debt at \$15,767,908.981 And say a single word. The Ring, the Plunderers, and the Co-Any one who has been reading the duances. And in New York walks Massachusetts! Is it unfair or unreayears, and during that period I believe I

the native whites the passions and pre- than to blame. In this case of Mr. are in part responsible. judices of the blacks. The game is the Chamberlain, our regrets have been spepacities as well for evil as for good.

know, is not wanting in the power of interests shall require it, we shall not On the other side has stood facing discrimination. He must, therefore, action a dusky line of black men, fearing knowledge that the duties of the public demands. Desperate ailments require charges, I prefer to let my character. to be re-enslaved, and sensitive about journalist are distinct from those of the stern remedies. These we must apply. their newly acquired rights, and flushed, advocate. The journalist, like the law- -- Look on This Picture and Then on too, many of them, with the lust of yer, or any other person, owes a para mount allegiance to truth, and is respon-Between these two compact lines, the sible before Heaven, as well as man, for While Joe Crews and his clique were prostrate form of South Carolina has the information which he sets forth. in Laurens, all was confusion, turmoil been lying, bound hand and foot in this must be true, to the best of his and riot. Since they left, all has been Federal bonds—a prey to the Northern knowledge and belief. At the same peace and order, as much so as any adventurers and their Southern allies, time, it is not expected that he shall county in the United States. Now, see who have united to outrage and rob her with legal precision give time, place and Gov. Scott's picture. Gov. Scott gives Like vampires—like vultures—they have circumstances. We shall, however, now us a specimen of somebody's speech. fastened upon their victims; whilst the proceed to give the grounds upon which (somebody's name not given,) but does opposing lines have stood weak specta- we have charged, and do now specifi This has been the spectacle. And official misconduct:

alarmed by the crack of the Carolina with neglect of duty in connection with Among them is Judge Orr, an old-time rifle, are seeking to take wings and fly the Land Commission swindles. The cently, Gov. Scott did not make a single away; now, when these two hitherto there have been swindles of the corrupthostile lines are about to close upon the est kind and of great extent, is a fact party. Gov. Scott received a deputation common destroyers, the game is again to admitted over and over again by Mr. array the lines against each other, that Chamberlain's own party. How is it the vultures may escape. The trick is that, as a member of this Board, Mr. to evade the effect of a writ of habeds to hypocrisy? If the Reform party had transparent. The prominence given to Chamberlain as member and Attended. transparent. The prominence given to Chamberlain, as member and Attorney-not exposed the swindles of Gov. Scott this Ku Klux business—the effort of General, did not institute legal proceed-and his clique, how else could they have Governor Scott in his infamous message ings to arrest the wrong doers or the stopped their reckless, if not thieving, to magnify Ku Kluxism, and to minify Commissioner, and to protect the public tial law, but now defends it stoutly. See financial scoundrelism—the efforts of interests? Under the Act of 1869, "to his message. Gov. Scott says South Cathe corrupt Union to muddy the political provide for the appointment of a Land rolina is not taxed higher than other waters, to enable the sharks to escape, Commissioner and to define his duties, and to escape itself—the appeals of the Governor, the State Treasurer, the is not this putting off the evil day? The Union to the passions and prejudices of Comptroller-General, the Secretary of time will come when the debt must be the colored people; its suggestions of a State and the Attorney-General, are de-paid or repudiated. Gov. Scott taxes desire on the part of the "white Demo-clared to be an Advisory Board to the the poor man out of his home, and then orats" to re-enslave the negro, or to Land Commissioner, and said Commisgive up a better bid, Gov. Scott. When, drive him away; its base slanders upon sioner, in the discharge of his duties, is to ten years ago, I was worth four times as

Whether with or without the bonest Commission frauds, or else you must be remembered in comparing the tax of colored man's help, we intend to trap the have been criminally negligent, or else this State with what is paid in other vultures—to catch the robbors in their you must have been weak as a child. South Carolina, the tax payers have no specified the abort of the pententiary. (Whether I confinement without having any charges and try to make them believe that no ought to be there or not—soto voce.)

Last year I gave him the name of the dog killer. This year he has earned the adjourned till to-morrow, at 11 o'clock. own nets. They have dug their own pit. We shall give a powerful impetus respects the acknowledged Land Comto to foul wrong as it descends into its pit. Let the conspirators know that the tween gross neglect of duty or criminal avengers are upon their tracks. Muti-complicity? Even if you could have the credit of the State? It it because they had gone to defy the arrest of the state of the stat

true son in the State, and to every adopted son. Let us all say, native Capped son. South Carolina go in debt at all? Would not surprise us that the action of the Executive Committee might be caught in his own web.

Sumter the state, and to every caught in the state, and to every caught in the caught in his own web.

Sumter the state, and to every caught in the state, and to every caught in the state is not his fault, because the caught in the state. But that is not his fault, because the caught in the state, and to every caught in the state is not his fault, because the caught in the state. But that is not his fault, because the caught in the state is not his fault, because the cau rolinians and adopted citizens, we must sent ruined and corrupt finances. The school of political economy. save you, we shall save you-Heaven Governor, the Attorney-General and the Legislature could keep a fair ledger achelping and approving. Friends of the Treasurer were, by legislative action, state, of whatever nationality, of whatever State, of whatever nationality, of what constituted a Financial Board, with auchinomy of the over-issue. Had action to be used in behalf of the over-issue. Had action to be used in behalf of the over-issue of t moment, have we despaired of an early, and to test the constitutional questions involved, the under.

The didn't that night omeials have exercised those moment, have we despaired of an early, and to test the constitutional questions involved, the under.

We have received the following comultimate triumph. Under God, the gestion. But, passing on, we remark munication, with a request to publish. signed was authorized to appoint a comissue is in our own hands. But we must that as a member of this Financial We respectfully ask the authorities to combine and act. We must break up Board, you became charged with high examine into the matter: the present nest of robbers and swin- rusts and serious responsibilities. You COLUMBIA JAIL, December 7, 1871. diers and not with prudence, tact and sa- tro a man of fine legal attainments. Mr. Editor: I, on behalf of the pri gacity. Hope and work. Let a muscu- We have had occasion to notice your coners from York County now confined lar public sentiment lead to resolute powers of analysis and your general acuof your most excellent paper, to inform Brown. public action. The true men of the men. We take it that you are not easy the authorities and the public how we State must save the State. Let us do to be fooled-that your penetration is are treated. our part, and the prostrate form of our considerable. Such being the case, how complain, but we do think that forbearmother State will once more stand erect, is it that the enormous bond swindles re clad in the robes of her provery and utaly brought to light account round round. The furnaces and ventilators are very Ward

audacity in our midst, and rolling in his ney-General's attention: In August, will of both. stolen gains. Here is Scott, weak, vacillating, treacherous, trembling at the ed that the whole public debt of South
Thursday last, in Anderson, Abbeville

There was a heavy fall of show, on supposed that they had so many breaches between them that they could not keep between them that they could not keep up without a pair of suspenders.

the law officer and the prosecutor of the public, I have never, to my knowledge, State.

In utter disregard of your obligations as laid down in the Act defining your office, or my official knowledge and invices that we must expose pro bono publico, we notice the drift of the Union's sponse to the general charges we have have not protected the interests of South lico, we notice the drift of the Union's sponse to the general charges we have have not protected the interests of South articles. For this reason, we notice it, directed against him of grave official Carolina. You have failed to bring being any proof to sustain your allusions, are seeking to convince the public that For this purpose, we watch it. Other-misconduct, It is now our duty, and fore the bar of justice notorious crimiwise we would leave it to rest unnoticed also our pleasure, to give to Mr. Cham. uals holding high places in the Governberlain the opportunity for defence in ment. You have been weighed in the What, now, has been the marked purpose of late, ever since we have driven home upon the ring their monstrous duced us to make the charges we have swindles, and suggested the hitherto un-opened, sea of fraud—not unopened, dishonored, if, for personal malevolenor however, to the favored few? What the purpose of the Union? It is plain. The object is, if possible, to excite against

by the artful arraigning of the Carolina much of fraud and corruption. We rewhite man against the Carolina black cognize in the Attorney-General the around your brow, rather than to lay to charge me with official misconduct. man that the "thieving carpet-baggers" polish, the plausibility and the training these charges at your door. But we can were enabled to come between and fat- which come of high cultivation. But he no other. Our outraged State pleads ten upon the prostrate body of South must bear in mind, and the public must for vindication and relief, and in com-Carolina. This has been going on for bear in mind, that in proportion to a mon with our associates in feeling and ready to denounce me as a dishonest the last three years the last three disas man's abilities and resources are his caresolve, we are marching on in the path public officer, and calling upon me to of duty. We desire no success, save On one side has stood a long line of We now address ourselves more espe- what shall come from truth and justice. white men, with a deep sense of wrong, cially to the points made by the Attorney are legitimate. But so far as the public

CLINTON, LAURENS Co., S. C.,

cally charge, the Attorney-General with as attested by more than thirty gentlenot give Joe Crews' speech at Waterloo, now, when the gorged birds of prey. 1. We charge the Attorney-General Scott's judges are not of his party. men who heard it. A majority of Gov. drive him away; its base slanders upon the white men of the State; its artful attempts to mislead the colored people, and to change the issue between then thonest and the robbers, between the honest and the robbers, between the proposition we have laid down.

The white men of the State; its artful attempts to mislead the colored people, and to change the issue between the honest and the robbers, between the whole affair in his document, for political reasons

We are very reluctant to But first let us move under the banner cial Board and the Attorney-General of side get from two to three pairs apiece, who now control the treasury of the logical deduction on our part? In the side; and only this evening, a stove was people, but to rob it within and without absence of proofs from two to three pairs apiece, and also have the privilege of fire outside; and only this evening, a stove was the public the right to decide that either gard to our fare, we get enough bread, J. Lucius. JOHN P. THOMAS, Our objective point is obvious. The you have been blind, or criminally neg-point of attack is before us. Here, in ligent, or particeps criminis?

of the resolution deferring the reading been suspected, either by my political associates or opponents, of using my fluence, for unworthy or dishonest pur-

I have been a party to some great public wrong. I, therefore, break silence simply to say to all, whether friends or foes, ever, either in connection with bonds or done I am responsible, and I do not seek any immunity; but I have neither not justified, in my honest judgment, by the demands of my official duty. You must, therefore, pardon me if I

say to you that your attacks give me no We can have no pleasure in pursuing uneasiness; though it would not be true if I were to say that I do not regret deavor to so conduct myself as to give no occasion to political intolerance, even and after earning the enmity of many of my own party, on account of my opposi-tion to what I believed to be corrupt men and measures, I find you and others lear myself from charges which are wholly vague and of which the proofs are only darkly described as "forthcom-No man knows better than you that your demand is wholly unreasonable and unfair, and that no worthy purpose can be subserved by such a course. Until, therefore, you can make distinct now pretty well established in this com munity, stand against all your attacks.

D H. CHAMBERLAIN.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Dre 7, 1871. Further Sifting of that Message.

Now is the winter of our (your) discontent. [Richard III—Act 1. But "Bo just and fear not; let all the ends

thou aim'st at be thy God's, thy country's and truth's." In that portion under the Ku Klux head, contained in the message, he makes a hobby horse of the raid made on the Unionville jail by a band of disguised zen disapproved of,) and took therefrom, (as reported at the time,) nine colored cated in the murder of a one-armed man, named Stevens, Scott says: "Colored men, ch rged with offences and imprisoned on probable cause, were taken

Now, he was on the picket line at that time, in this way: It was said at that time, that two colored men were left in ail, who, it was supposed, were not equaly implicated with those who were taken y the raiders, (as they were called:) but of the country-six colored and white men-convicted and sentenced to be hung, and were hung; and if they were innocent, and only put in jail upon probable cause, why did he (Scott) withold his clemency? Now, one of three things is certain-that he stopped short

Will the colored people be deceived?
We know not. One thing we do know:
The whites do not intend to be deceived.
Whether with or without the honest Colored map's help wointend to be deceived.

Whether with or without the honest colored map's help wointend to be deceived?

We know not. One thing we do know:

It is referred to by that hove you to plead for the violence, so as to give Grant a pretext to be riain: What have you to plead for the violence, so as to give Grant a pretext to dared to tell the people. He thanked one-half of the people of South Caronaper every once in awhile; but it only uses so much of the whole affair as he to vote for the men who to-day onght to be in the penitentiary. (Whether I confinement without having any charges this State with what is paid in other confinement without having any charges the proposition we have to say to Mr. Chambers to exasperate you to words and deeds of violence, so as to give Grant a pretext to dared to tell the people. He thanked of the writ of habeas corpus might be issued to conventions he had persistently refused to vote for the men who to-day onght to be in the penitentiary. (Whether I confinement without having any charges and try to make them believe that no ought to be there or not—solo roce)

Ward No. 3-J. C. Seegers, W. C. Ward No. 4-Edward Hope, Roland

Killian's-Eli Killian, John Lorick. Camp Ground-J. H. Kiusler, W. P.

Keenen.

Gadeden-Warren Adams, T. B. Wes-Garner's Ferry-Samuel G. Henry, J.

hanged themselves (or hanged each

up without a pair of suspenders.

SPEECHES OF MESSES. W. J. WHIPPER snawer to the charge of necessary com- year—he assists the Treasurer, as we to me of late, in connection with what (GOLORED) AND TIM. HURLEY ON GOVERN- KU KLUX TRIALS—FRIDAY, December 8. Saturday Morning, December 9 1871, plicity with the other members of the learn, to make up that statement putting you call the "bond frauds," lead me to on Scorr.—The Charleston Courier gives The Court convened at 11 o'clock, Hon. us the reports:

> the Governor. There were but few things to which he would refer in the message, which, in his opinion, was not such a message as un honest man would have presented to a Legislature. Personally, he entertained the kindest feelings towards R. K. Scott, but officially, his opinions would be seen in the remarks which he was about to make. The great question contained in the message was the question of the finances The Governor had attempted to quiet the people of the State by what he called "a true exhibit of the debt of the State." This exhibit the speaker proceeded to dissect, and show by figures and facts its falsity. He said, even taking the Governor's statement, financial ruin was steering the people in the face. But what rumors were abroad in the land? He had heard enough to believe that Governor Scott's statement did not show half the sotual debt of the State. The report of the Tressurer, which accompanied the message, shows, on the face of it, that it is false. He then alluded to the report of the "committee of citiwhich has already been published. This report, said he, is only based upon what accounts they were shown. How many of the accounts they were allowed to see, God only knows. shows, in every line of it, a predisposi tion on the part of the committee to cover up the tracks of the mousters who have pluudered the State. He did not mean to impugn the motives of the committee. But who were they but men who would, most naturally, spring to the invitation, such as had been extend ed them. They were of that class of men who were interested in the State The report itself was drawn out, bonds. he said, by the representative of a bank which had invested its money in bonds, and it was natural for them to attempto bolster up their tottering fortunes.

He honestry believed the dent of the State to be \$18 000,000 to \$20,000,000. and years hence, when the truth would have a hearing in this matter, his predictions would be verified. But whether it was \$11,000,000, or \$15,000,000. or \$20,000,000, the result was the same -husacial rain. All this showed that the G verument had proved itself a failme. The question now was, "Is there a remedy, and if so, is the General Assembly educated up to the point of appying it." Figures will show (said he) to any calculating, reasoning mind, that It remains for you, taen, to accept the persons, (which every law-abiding citi- only remaining remedy-there is one tion. We need no Act of the L-gislature to accomplish this; we have but to people, out of eleven, who were impli- submit querry, and the result will bring on repudiation. an Act to provide for the payment of the interest on the public debt, and this will be virtual repudiation. I am not interested in bonds of any kind, and, for one, I do not intend to allow the men to enjoy them whom I have assisted in hoisting into power. The time has now come give up the attempt to carry on the Government. I, for one, will not share the ignominy of this man, (the Governor,) and not share his bonds. He has shown in his message that he has violated the law, and it is now the time for action. I am ready for impeachment; ready to see the guilty go to the penibeing banded together, having a regular Bill dismissed. Opinion by Willard, A. tentiary. Enough is known not only to system of by-laws, regulations, &c. impeach them, but to send them to some narrow confines, there to meditate upon

caught in his were to try. Why, even the books anticipated by some of these officials, SUMTER. which he exhibited so willingly to the Notice.

for the purpose. He then asserted that Therefore, we hope to see no unnecessary delay in instituting whatever legal signed was authorized to appoint a committee, to consist of two persons for each ward in the city, and for each election precinct in the County.

Inst man will certainty be able to write them, it there is law to protect the city zens of this commonwealth from rapations precinct in the County. The following citizens are requested the trand. He knew, for a fact, that a would earnestly urge the affiliation of all They have the will and power to do it, The following citizens are requested to act as a committee on subscriptions, to report to the chairman:

Ward No. 1—R. D. Seun, W. Press.

Brown.

Ward No. 2—John Caldwell, J. T.

Ward No. 2—John Caldwell, J. T.

Was like knew, for a fact, that a good men, trrespective of party politics, and it will be done. The Home is the this movement to reach the conspirators by due process of law. As in New York, so let it be in South Carolina, that than half its losses have already been to get the courts.

Ward No. 2—John Caldwell, J. T.

Would earnestly urge the affiliation of all good men, trrespective of party politics, and it will be done. The Home is the this movement to reach the conspirators by due process of law. As in New York, so let it be in South Carolina, that than half its losses have already been the people demand redress of the courts. sion was signed in blank by the Governor, and was hawked around among the It is the only safe, thorough remedy, in Willmarth continues his headquarters in the loan and negotiate it. So far as the of safety in the future. Legislative expenses, to which the Governor had referred, there was this to be said: If the Legislature were to remain

elected.

THE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT- LOCAL Hugh L. Bond presiding, and Hon. WHIPPER'S SPEECH.—At the outset he George S. Byran, associate, on the disclaimed any intention, as the author bench.

Mr. Stanberry, for the defence, in the of the message on Tuesday last, to slight case of the United States vs. Allen Crosby, et al., indicted for conspiracy under the Act of 20th April, 1871, rend us a call and test our work. from Kent's commentaries, page 473, showing that the common law of England, as modified by statute, down to the reign of James I, prevailed in the United States Courts, and not the unmodified common law as to which the court seemed in doubt yesterday. The question before the court, and for the consideration of which the court adjourned yesterday, was, whether in a criminal 55; 2 P. M., 64; 9 P. M., 60. trial in the United States Court for We have been requested offences less than capital felony, the citizen was entitled to the right of per-

emptory challenge.

Judge Bryan stated that after a close examination of the decision in the case of the United States vs. Reid, 12th Howard, he was satisfied that the question was dependent entirely upon the fact, whether or not there exists in the State of South Carolina a right to peremptory challenge in similar offences prior to the passage of the judiciary

of peremptory challenges allowed in all cases of clergyable felonies, in which

Mr. Johnson-Do I understand the opinion expressed by his Honor Judge Spartanburg.
Bryan to be the decision of the court? Gov. Scott Judge Bond-No. I am of the opi nion that the rule of the common law. by which no peremptory challenges were uttered in such cases, should pre-vail. After some consultation, however, Judge Bond announced that as his associate had evidently given the question much earnest attention, he would yield to him and grant the right to the pri-

counsel for the prisoner, Sherod Childers, then arose and addressed the court, as fullows:

ecause it was the first case presented by The other prisoners, Hezekiah Porter, less, be a crowded house. William Montgomery and Evans Mur-

phy, also plead guilty.

Mr. Stanberry claimed for the prisoners that in putting in the plea of guilty, they surrendered no right of exemption

Supreme Court, Friday, December 8.—The court met at 10 A. M. Present — Chief Justice Moses and Associate Justices Willard and Wright. from punishment, from the fact that the offence confessed was committed prior to the passage of the Act of Congress of when we must either do something or 20th April, 1871, under which they were indicted.

Mr. Corbin replied, that as a matter Mr. Corbin replied, that and of fact, the assault and battery upon of fact, the assault and on the 22d March last, some time prior to the passage of the Act; but the conspiracy for motion. Mr. Allison contra. Mo-

Upon motion of Mr. Corbin, an order was passed to release Merrit Fuller, who Hurley's Speech.—He said that as a the jail of Edgefield to await his trial. has been confined for nine months in member of the joint committee, which under a charge of voting at the election was to report in a few days, he had in of the 19th of October, 1870, without

The court withheld its decision, and Leaving security for present policy-holders..... Tax-payers' Convention were prepared should take flight to other regions. tinancial men, who were begged to take our judgment, and will prove a bulwark

| Anderson Intelligencer.

notice such honorable and prompt action, and, if we mistake not, will be Homicide.—A difficulty occurred in equally quick to sustain such a company be upper part of this County, one day by its patronage now more than ever. in session year in and year out, the ex the upper part of this County, one day penditure would not be balf as great as last week, between George Green and that caused by the Governor's stock ope- Portman Howard, which resulted in the rations. He believed that the members death of the former at the hands of the of the Legislature had made up their latter. When first seen, Howard was surance paper in this country. Capt. S. minds to horst one of those fellows in pursuing Green with a pole, and called L. Leaphart is the agent of the Home in A man and his wife out West recently the Governor. ["We will," from June anged themselves (or hanged each Mobley.]

minds to horst one of those fellows in the ring, and if they were true to themselves they would begin by impeaching stopped, and Howard struck him over the head with the pole, fracturing his skull and causing instant death. An in-Edward struck him over the head with the pole, fracturing his skull and causing instant death. An in-Edward struck him over the head with the pole, fracturing his skull and causing instant death. An in-Edward struck him over the head with the pole, fracturing his skull and causing instant death. quest was immediately held, and, after THE MUNICIPAL ELECTION IN AUGUSTA. | 5 me investigation, adjourned over until At the recent municipal election in Au- Monday last. Howard at once surrengusta the entire Democratic ticket was dered himself, and is now in jail at this place .- Greenville Mountaineer

Items PHENIXIANA. --- The price of single copies of the PHONIX is five cents.

The PHOENIX office is supplied with all necessary material for as handsome cards, bill heads, posters, pamphlets, hand-bills, circulars, and other printing that may be desired, as any office in the South. Give

Yesterday was a delightful day. The sun shone brightly, and over-costs were below par. At night, the inevitable rain set in, however, and, as a consequence slop may be expected.

The thermometer at the Pollock House ranged as follows yesterday: 9 A. M. We have been requested to say that

lists for the fund to be raised under the circular of Generals Hampton and Butler and others will be found at the stores of Messrs. J. C. Seegers and W. Q. Fisher. Our friends from the country, desiring to contribute, may find it convenient to call at either of these two points. The several committees are re-

quested to report as early as practicable. It gives us pleasure to be able to state Mr. Stanberry-I am creditably in that Bishop Paine, of Mississippi, one formed, may it please your Honors, that of the Bishops of the Methodist Episco-such a right did exist in this State, even pal Church, South, is in our city, and will preach at Washington Street Chapel, to-morrow morning, at 10% A. M. The event we are out off by the Act of 1865 Bishop is on his way to preside at the just one-half, baving ten instead of South Carolina Annual Conference, which begins on Wednesday next, at

> Gov. Scott has made the following appointments; W. R. Myers and Lawrence McKenzie, Notaries Public for Beaufort County; Frank Goss, Treasurer for Kershaw County, vice Samuel Place, removed; P. A. MoDavid, County Commissioner for Greenville County. It is a poor libel suit that can't bring

Col. W. B. Wilson, of York, special claimed \$12,000 got sixty cents. TEMPLETON'S TROUPE.-Irwin's Hall

as even more crowded last evening, May it please your Honors, in this than on any of the previous nights of case important and grave preliminary points have been made by the defence, "Ten Nights in a Bar Room" was admithe Government. We desire, now, to rably represented, and received by the state to the court, as counsel for the pri- large audience with almost, if not quite, soner at the bar, Sherod Childers, that as much enthusiasm as Rip Van Winkle, the Government that he was with the the night before. Mr. Manager Templewe cannot carry on the Government as party charged in the indictment. He ton did intend to close his performances enters, now, the plea of guilty; but, be- here for the season with this play, but twenty or twenty-two mills on the dol- fore sentence by the court, will ask to the large attendance yesterday evening, lar. Will you dare to levy that tax? Submit affidavits that he was not an active participant in, or even cognizant of, and the general satisfaction manifested, the acts of violence alleged. If the acts have induced him to repeat "Rip Van are of the atrocious character stated by Winkle," to-night. As this will be the the Attorney-General of the State, in his last of the performances of Templeton's opening speech, we are certainly not here to defend, excuse or palliate them.

Mr. Wylie resumed and concluded his

argument in the case of Alexander Carter vs. D. W. Brown. Mr. Allison was heard for respondent. Mr. Kershaw for appellant R. A. Pringle, et al., vs. Bela Sizer,

al. Motion to set aside order of Circuit Judge and for re-argument. Mr. Moore Horace Massot vs. O. A. Moses, et al.

At half-past 12 P. M., the court adjourned until Monday, 11th, at 10 A.

M., when the First Circuit will be called.

\$2,139,213 00 291,326 79 \$2,430,589 79

being rapidly paid in in advance of the time fixed by the Superintendent. Such setion is worthy of all praise, and just what the public expected from the wealthy stockholders of this company. Thirty days from now will find the com-pany's assets over \$4,000,000, and its period of last year. It is right that it should be so. The Home continues to make policies as strong as any in the country. It has a corps of sterling and active agents, who are resolved to place it at the head of American companies.

The above is copied from the New York Insurance Times-the leading in-

Chicago, and will remain there till every

loss is paid. The public are quick to

LIST OF NEW ADVERTISEMENTS Edward Hope-Oats, &c. L. E. Johnson-In Bankruptey R. Franklin-For Sale. S. P. Hamilton—Summons. C. F. Jackson—New Goods. John Templeton-Theatre.